

Britain or Ireland, though it appears to be established in the Channel Islands. It is the first for the month of August. Its habits are obscure and secretive; but there are at present no indications of temporary or permanent residence.

**Tyta luctuosa* D. & S. (1). SOMERSET N. Shapwick Heath NNR, 6.7, female (NL).

COCHYLIS FLAVICILIANA (WESTWOOD) (LEP.: TORTRICIDAE) AND PHYCITODES SAXICOLA (VAUGHAN) (LEP.: PYRALIDAE) IN BEDFORDSHIRE — A single specimen of *C. flaviciliana* was caught in the Rothamsted Insect Survey light trap at Houghton Regis (Site No. 452, O.S. Grid ref. TL 028 247) on the 26th July 1985 and was identified by A. M. Emmet and D. V. Manning. This is a very local species with few known localities. The nearest counties to Bedfordshire recorded for the species by Bradley Tremewan and Smith (*British Tortricoid Moths*, 1973 Cochylidae and Tortricidae, Tortricinae, p. 84) are Oxfordshire and Berkshire. It is possible that it has been overlooked in other localities as it bears a strong superficial resemblance to the much more widespread *C. roseana* (Haworth). The larval foodplant (*Knautia arvensis*) is common in the area around the trap.

On the 17th August 1985 a specimen of *P. saxicola* was caught in the same trap and was identified from the wing venation illustrations in Goater's "*Identification Guide to the British Pyralid Moths*" (p. 129). This individual was probably a migrant as *saxicola* is usually associated with coastal habitats.

Both *P. saxicola* and *C. flaviciliana* are new county records for Bedfordshire. Thanks are extended to D. V. Manning for identifying the microlepidoptera from the Houghton Regis trap and to A. M. Emmet for confirming the identity of the *C. flaviciliana*. — ADRIAN M. RILEY, Department of Entomology, Rothamsted Experimental Station, Harpenden, Hertfordshire.

DELAYED EMERGENCE IN EUPITHECIA — I read with interest Col. Sterling's note on this topic (*Ent. Rec.* 97: 93). On 13th August 1983 I was searching buds of *Clematis vitalba* near Dorking, Surrey, for larvae of *Eupithecia haworthiata*. Most of the buds had already opened and although there were signs of feeding, I could only find one larva. This duly pupated, but did not emerge in 1984 as expected. Turning out the emerging cage at the end of the season, I rediscovered the pupa, which looked alive and healthy. A moth emerged on 27 May 1985. — P. A. CATTERMOLLE 13 Waverleigh Road, Cranleigh, Surrey.